











Canada's First National Park

Banff National Park is an important place for people to connect with history and nature. Indigenous peoples have been using the lands and waters of Banff for millennia; for sustenance, ceremony, trade and travel. We thank them for their continuous stewardship and for sharing the land with us.

In 1885, a small area around the Cave and Basin Hot Springs was protected and became the core of the first national park in Canada. More than 130 years later, millions of people visit the park each year. They come to experience natural beauty, outdoor adventures, seven national historic sites and iconic wildlife - from grizzly bears to the Banff Springs Snail.

Go see for yourself! Banff National Park offers mountains of possibilities.

A UNESCO World Heritage Site

Four of the mountain national parks - Banff, Jasper, Yoho and Kootenay – are recognized by the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO) as part of the Canadian Rocky Mountain Parks World Heritage Site, for the benefit and enjoyment of all nations. Among the attributes that warranted this designation were vast wilderness, diversity of flora and fauna, outstanding natural beauty and features such as Lake Louise, Maligne Lake, the Columbia Icefield and the Burgess Shale fossils.



United Nations Cultural Organization Organisation

pour l'éducation.

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COVID-19: pc.gc.ca/Banff-COVID-19

Transit/shuttle info: pc.gc.ca/banff-transit or explorethepark.ca

Real-time park info: pc.gc.ca/banffnow

Maps: Pages 7-12

National park entry fee: pc.gc.ca/banff-parkpass

Weather: weather.gc.ca / 403-762-2088

Important bulletins: pc.gc.ca/banff-bulletins

Trail report: pc.gc.ca/banfftrails

Town of Banff parking: banffparking.ca

Road report: 511.alberta.ca and drivebc.ca

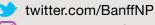
Banff & Lake Louise Tourism: banfflakelouise.com

Guidebooks, topographic maps and bear spray are available at Parks Canada visitor centres and retail outlets in the town of Banff and the village of Lake Louise.

Brochures are available online at:

parkscanada.gc.ca/banff-brochures or at Parks Canada visitor centres.

Visit facebook.com/BanffNP



instagram.com/parks.canada

Banff

pc.gc.ca/banff

Banff Visitor Centre: 224 Banff Avenue 403-762-1550 | banffinfo@pc.qc.ca

Jan. 1 - May 14 | 9 a.m. - 5 p.m. | 7 days / week May 15 - Sep. 30 | 8 a.m. - 8 p.m. | 7 days / week Oct. 1 - Dec. 31 | 9 a.m. - 5 p.m. | 7 days / week Closed Dec. 25

Banff Train Station: 327 Railway Avenue Jan. 1 - Dec. 31 | 9 a.m. - 5 p.m. | 7 days / week Closed Dec. 25

Lake Louise Visitor Centre: 201 Village Road, next to Samson Mall 403-522-3833 | II.info@pc.gc.ca

Jan. 1 - June 8 | 9 a.m. - 5 p.m. | 7 days / week June 9 - Sep. 28 | 8:30 a.m. - 7 p.m. | 7 days / week Sep. 29 - Dec. 31 | 9 a.m. - 5 p.m. | 7 days / week Closed Dec. 25

Hours are subject to change.

Jasper

Jasper Information Centre: 780-852-6176 pc.qc.ca/jasper

Tourism Jasper: 780-852-6236, jasper.travel

Kootenay

Kootenay Visitor Centre: 250-347-9505 | pc.gc.ca/kootenay

Tourism Radium/Radium Chamber of Commerce: 1-888-347-9331, radiumhotsprings.com

Yoho

Yoho Visitor Centre: 250-343-6783 | pc.gc.ca/yoho

Tourism Golden: 1-800-622-4653, tourismgolden.com, field.ca

Mount Revelstoke and Glacier

Rogers Pass Discovery Centre: 250-837-7500 pc.gc.ca/glacier | pc.gc.ca/revelstoke

Tourism Revelstoke: 1-800-487-1493, seerevelstoke.com

Waterton Lakes

Waterton Lakes Visitor Centre: 403-859-5133 pc.qc.ca/waterton

Waterton Chamber of Commerce, mywaterton.ca

Plan Ahead. Take Transit.





The most popular attractions in Banff National Park are extremely busy from mid-May until mid-October. You can expect congestion, traffic restrictions and parking lots that are full by sunrise.

Parks Canada shuttles and Roam Public Transit are the easiest way to see the park's top locations between Banff and Lake Louise.



Take a Parks Canada shuttle to Lake Louise and Moraine Lake

Reserve your shuttle tickets online and park your vehicle at the Lake Louise Park and Ride for the day. Your round trip to both iconic lakes begins and ends there!

• To plan your trip, visit pc.gc.ca/banff-transit for route information, fees and schedules.



To book your round-trip shuttle ticket, go to reservation.pc.gc.ca Advance online reservations are required.

- All lake shuttles depart from the Park and Ride, now located at the Lake Louise Ski Area (see map on pages 14-15). You MUST check-in at the Park and Ride to get your shuttle pass. You cannot leave your vehicle at Lake Louise or Moraine Lake to board the shuttle.
- Staying at the Lake Louise Campground or at a hotel in the village of Lake Louise? Leave your vehicle behind and use the free Park and Ride Connector shuttle. See map on pages 14-15 for shuttle stop locations.



Paid parking at Lake Louise Lakeshore

Mandatory paid parking (\$12.25/day/vehicle) is in effect from mid-May to mid-October in the Lake Louise Lakeshore parking lot. Visit pc.gc.ca/banff-transit for more information.





COVID-19 may affect service availability. Visit parkscanada.ca/banff-transit for up-to-date information.

Popular Activities



Explore the park with Roam Public Transit

Take advantage of year-round bus service between the town of Banff and many top destinations in the park, including Lake Louise. Visit roamtransit.com for routes, schedules and fares.



Look for the numbers on the maps on pages 8 to 17 to find these sites and attractions. A valid national park entry pass is required when visiting the park.

- Visit the Cave and Basin National **Historic Site**
- Roam Route 4 (summer service)

Experience a 4-screen HD movie and see bubbling thermal waters that gave rise to the birthplace of Parks Canada administered places. Visit pc.gc.ca/cave for current trip planning, activities, and key date information.

- **Discover the Banff Park Museum National Historic Site**
- From downtown Banff: Roam Routes 1, 2 (year-round) and 4 (summer service)

Take a wild trip back in time with vintage natural history specimens from bears to bees. Visit pc.gc.ca/banffparkmuseum for current trip planning and key date information.

- Soak in the Banff Upper Hot Springs
- Roam Route 1 (year-round)

Relax in Canada's highest elevation operational hot spring. Visit hotsprings.ca for up-to-date hours, fees and visitor information.

COVID-19 restrictions may be in place.

Meander along Vermilion Lakes

Bike or walk Vermilion Lakes Drive, relax on the docks and benches beside the lakes, learn about the area, snap a picture of Mount Rundle or go for a paddle.

Bike the Banff Legacy Trail

Cyclists, strollers and runners can enjoy mountain views, picnic areas and the Vermilion Lakes along this 29 km of paved paths and roadways from Canmore to the Bow Valley Parkway. This trail is not maintained in winter.

Explore the Lake Minnewanka Area

Roam Route 6 (summer service)

In the summer, ride the Lake Minnewanka bus to visit picturesque lakes including Johnson Lake and Two Jack Lake. Enjoy hiking, picnicking and being on or by the water. In the winter, it is a great destination for cross-country skiing, winter walking or snowshoeing.

- **Visit Lake Louise and Moraine Lake**
- Roam Route 8X (year-round to Lake Louise only)
- Roam Route 8S (summer service to Lake Louise only) Parks Canada shuttle (summer service to both lakes)

Want to avoid full parking lots? Plan a car-free day on Roam Public Transit and Parks Canada shuttles for the best experience. See page 4 or visit parkscanada.gc.ca/banff-transit for more details.

8 Drive the Icefields Parkway

This incredible 230-km drive from Lake Louise to Jasper winds through glaciers, turquoise lakes and sweeping valleys. Be prepared for no cell service and challenging winter driving conditions - review driving safety on page 26.



9 Hike to Peyto Lake Viewpoint

Take a short 0.6 km stroll or snowshoe (in the winter) up to the new viewing platform to admire the lake from high up. A new barrier-free trail is available in the summer from the upper parking lot. For your safety and to help protect this special place, stay on the trail and platform.

Tip: Come early or late in the day – parking is limited.

A valid national park entry pass is required when visiting the park.

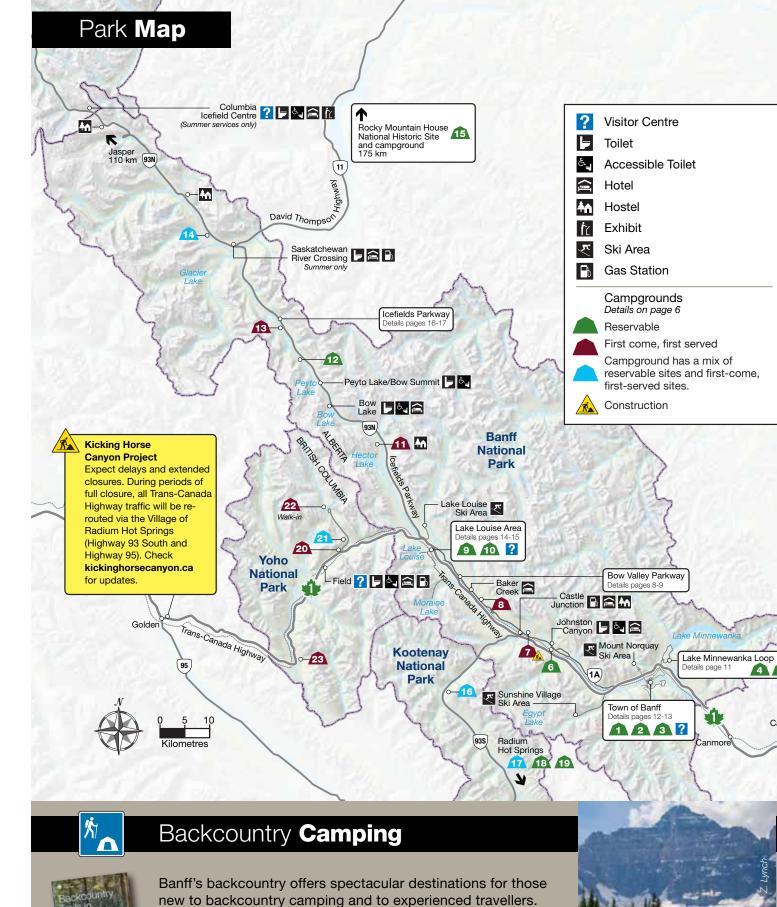


Planning to camp in a national park?

Many campsites can be reserved and most fill up quickly. Book online or call ahead for information and reservations. Camping is permitted in designated campgrounds only. A valid camping permit and national park entry pass are required.

1-877-RESERVE (1-877-737-3783) or reservation.pc.gc.ca

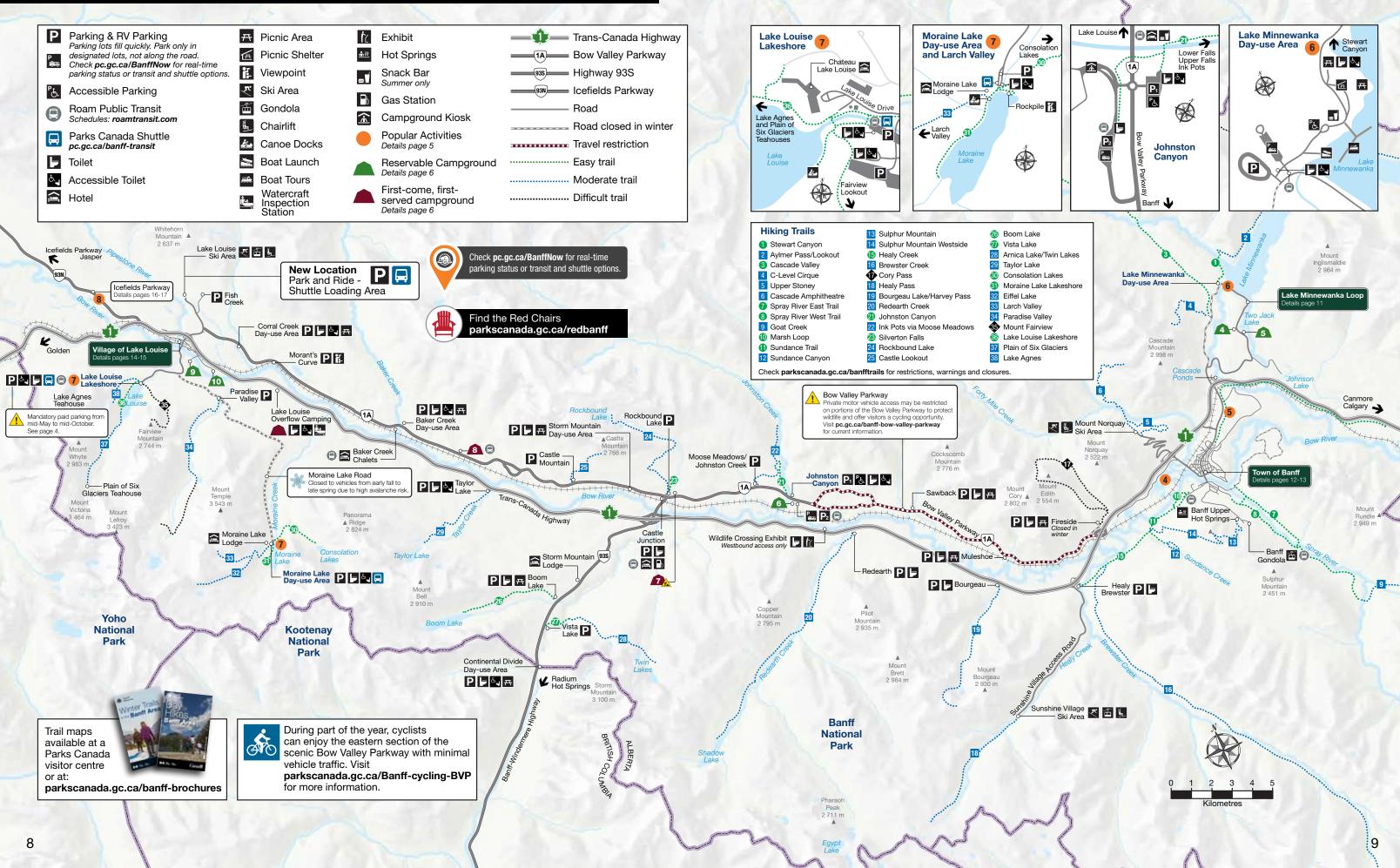
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		Campgrounds	Open Dates	Full Hook-up	Electrical	Sani Dump	Flush Toilets	Pit Toilets	Showers	Firepit	Cooking Shelter	Drinking Water	Accessible Facilities*	Interpretive Programs	oTENTik	Equipped Campsites	Tipis/Trapper Tents	Sites
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	2	Tunnel Mt. Village II	Open year-round oTENTiks May 12 - Oct. 11		#	<u></u>	₽		A	*		Ð	F	-	Â			209
	3	Tunnel Mt. Trailer Court	May 12 - Oct. 3		6	<u></u>						B	F	444				322
	4	Two Jack Main	June 23 - Sep. 6			Ç				*		B				Δ		380
	5	Two Jack Lakeside	May 12 - Oct. 3 oTENTiks May 12 - Oct. 3				F			*		B			ŵ			74
	6	Johnston Canyon	May 26 - Sep. 26			Ë	 -			*		B	F	**				132
	7	Castle Mountain	To be determined				F			*	<u> </u>	4						43
#	8	Protection Mountain	June 22 - Sep. 5				Þ				<u> </u>	Ð	F					72
Banff	9	Lake Louise Tent	May 30 - Sep. 27			æ				*		Ð	F	444				206
ш	10	Lake Louise Trailer	Open year-round		T	æ	F					Ð	Ġ	- Y				189
	A	Mosquito Creek	June 9 - Oct. 10					Î		*		B						32
	12	Silverhorn	June 2 - Oct. 2							*								45
	13	Waterfowl Lakes	June 23 - Sep. 11			<u></u>		Î		*		Ð						116
	14	Rampart Creek	June 2 - Sep. 25					$\widehat{\mathbb{I}}$			<u> </u>	Ð						50
	15	Rocky Mountain House National Historic Site	May 13 - Sep. 30				F	Î		*	<u> </u>	Ð	Ŀ	→		Λ	Å	45
>	16	Marble Canyon	June 23 - Sep. 5			<u></u>	Þ			*		β	F					61
na	1	McLeod Meadows	June 10 - Sep. 12			<u>ლ</u>				*		₽ B	Ġ					80
ootenay	18	Redstreak	Apr. 29 - Oct. 10 oTENTiks May 19 - Sep. 19			Ë	₽•					B	F	44	Â			242
X	19	Crook's Meadow (Non-profit and school groups)	Email kootenay.info@pc.gc.ca for reservation information.					Î		*	<u>4</u>		Ŀ					1
	20	Monarch	May 5 - Sep. 19			٣		Î			<u> </u>	Ð	F					44
Yoho	21	Kicking Horse	May 19 - Oct. 10			<u></u>				*		B	F	444				88
	22	Takakkaw Falls (walk-in)	June 16 - Oct. 10							*		B						35
	23	Hoodoo Creek	June 16 - Sep. 5					Î		*	<u> </u>		ક					30
	Reservation needed for all sites in the campground. Campground has first-come, first-served sites only. Self-register at the campground. In summer months, arrive before mid-day for the best chance of getting a site. Campground has a mix of reservable sites and first-come, first-served sites. Campground closed for construction.								* Some facilities at this campground are accessible.									
Visit pc.gc.ca/banffcamping for the latest information and opening dates.																		



No matter your level of adventure, be prepared and plan ahead. Pick up your brochure at a Parks Canada visitor centre, and visit **parkscanada.gc.ca/banff-backcountry** for

trip ideas, planning and permit information.

Bow Valley Parkway: Lake Louise to Banff Map



Bike in Banff National Park

Leave your car behind and enjoy the park on a bike.

Looking for paved options?

The Bow Valley Parkway and the Banff Legacy Trail are the two most popular areas for cycling. The Bow Valley Parkway is a scenic road between Banff and Lake Louise. During part of the year, cyclists can ride the eastern section of the parkway with minimal vehicle traffic. The Banff Legacy Trail is a multi-use paved trail with exceptional mountain views, and connects the Bow Valley Parkway to Banff and Canmore.



Enjoy e-biking?

While e-bikes are not allowed on most trails, pedal assisted e-bikes can be used along the Bow Valley Parkway and Banff Legacy Trail, as well as some designated trails in Banff.

While riding in the park, do it with care

- Stay on designated trails only.
- Obey all traffic rules when riding on roads including speed limits.
- Bike trails are multi-use so be courteous to other users and yield appropriately.

Visit parkscanada.gc.ca/banff-biking for trails and safety information.

Interpretive Programs and Activities



Explore. Learn. Connect.

Park interpreters can't wait to share fun and inspiring experiences with you. Join us for an outdoor activity or program!

Look for interpreters at campgrounds and popular day-use areas throughout the summer and at national historic sites during various times of the year.



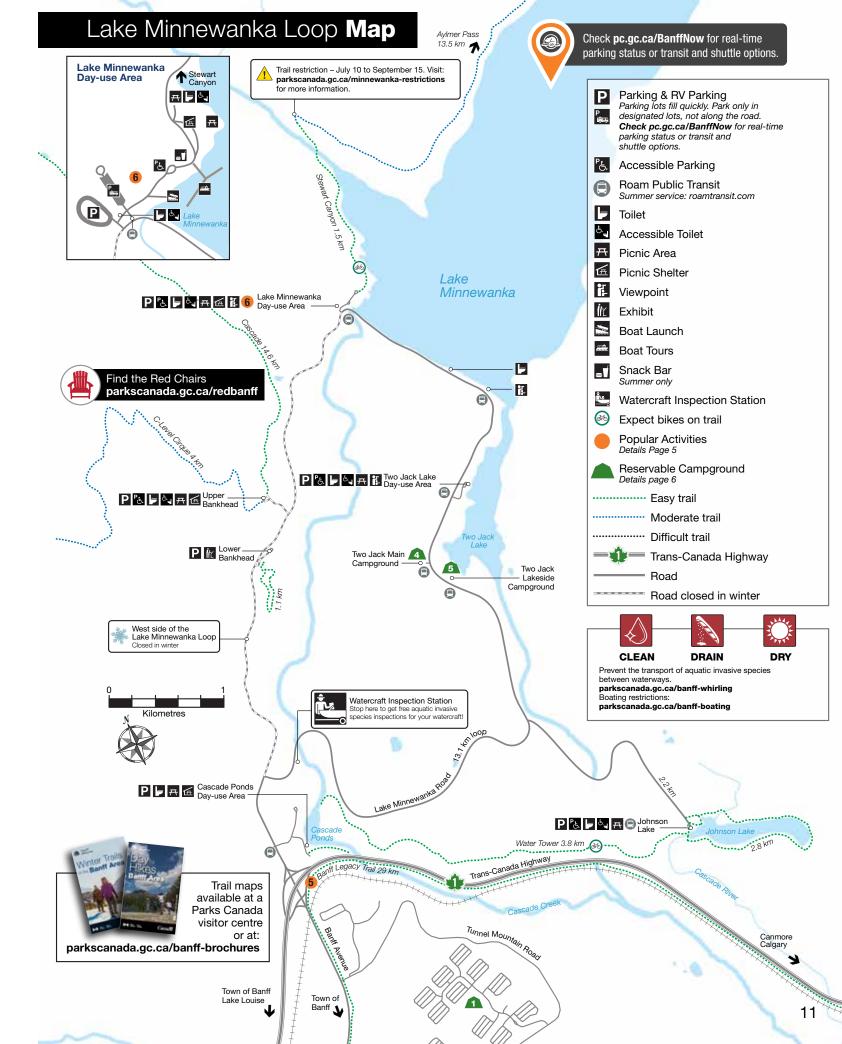
Check **parkscanada.gc.ca/banff-interpretation** or visit a Parks Canada visitor centre to find out about current programs.

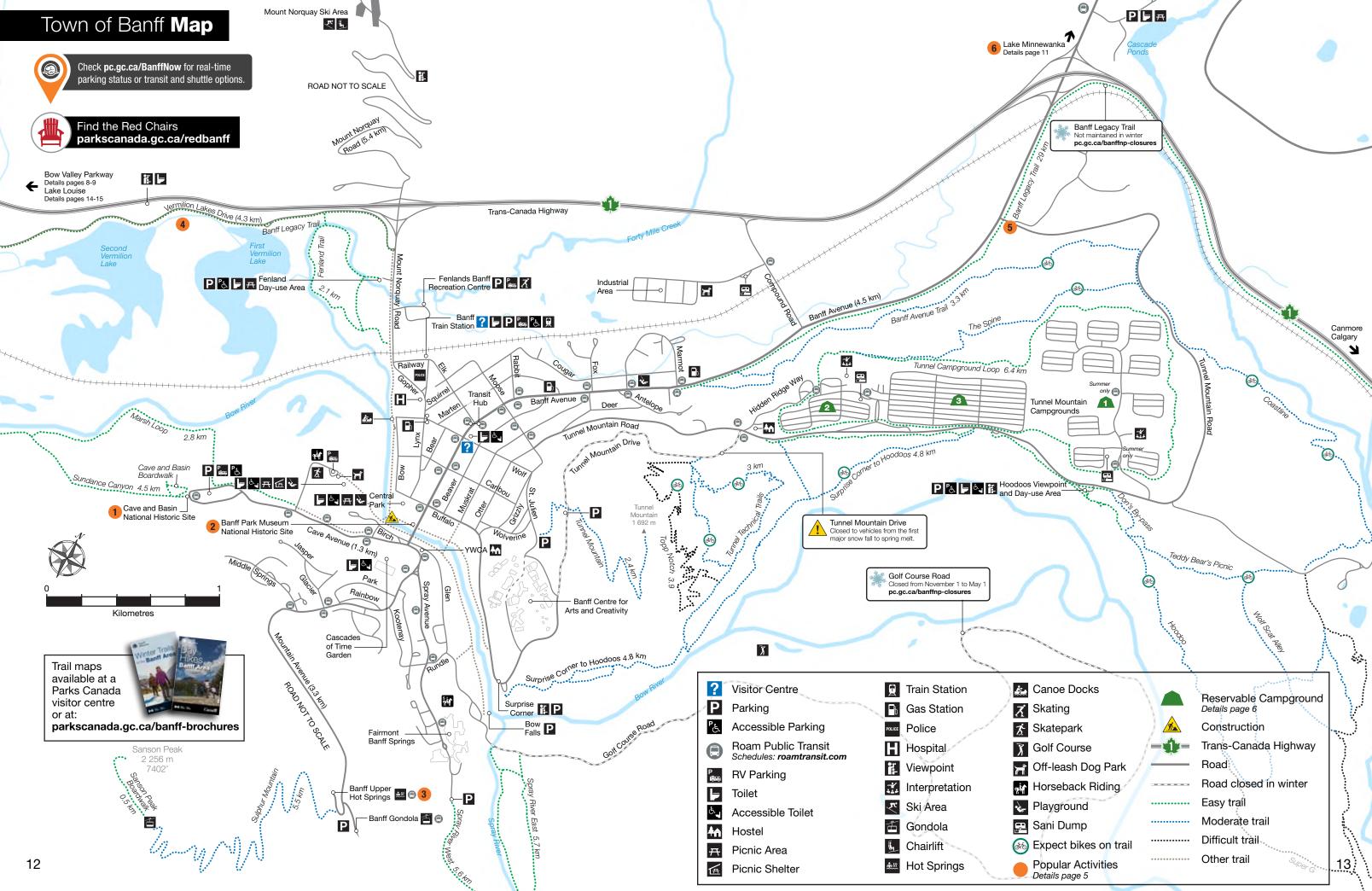


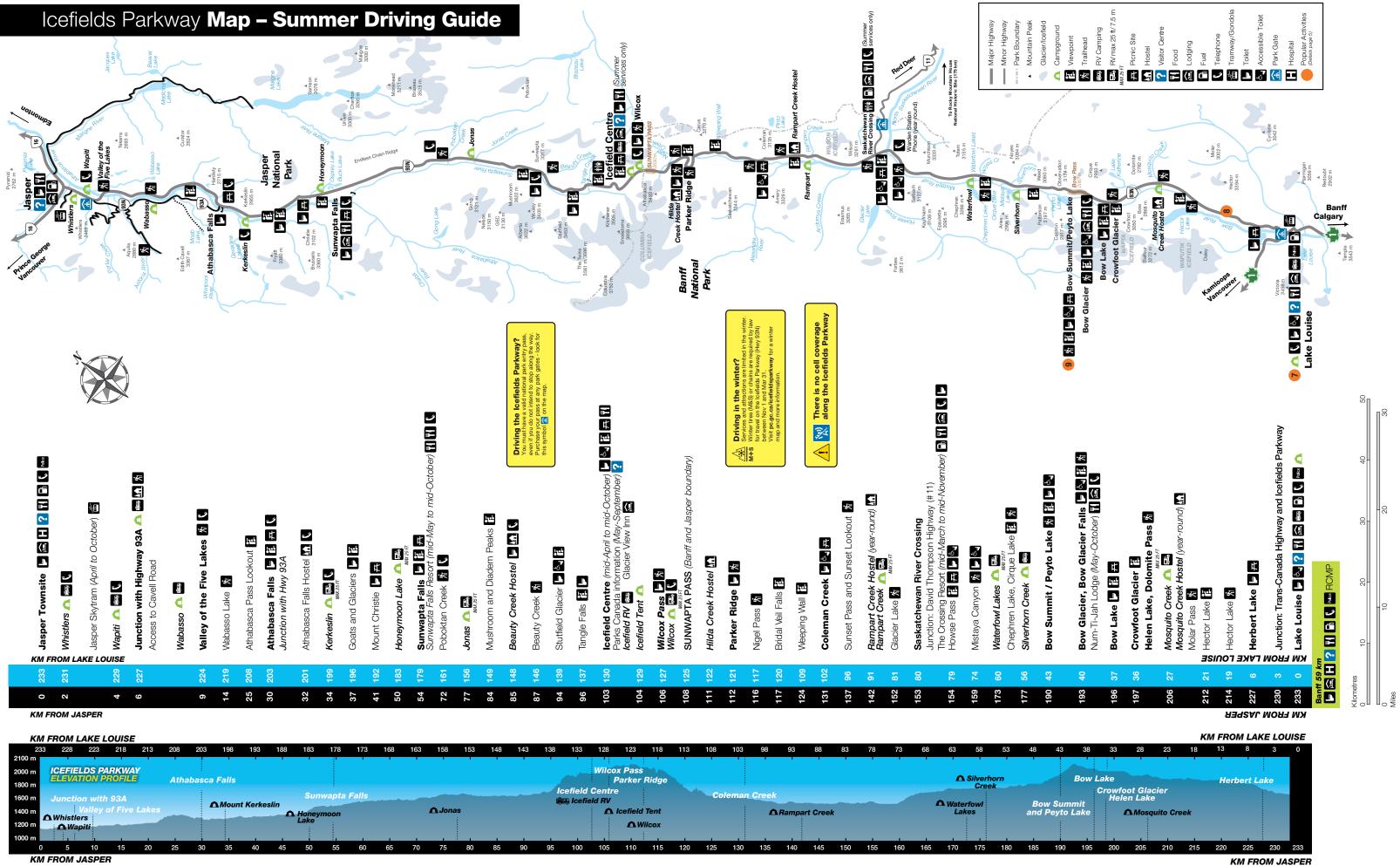
Hike with a guide

Go on a Parks Canada guided conservation hike and learn how species at risk and their habitats are connected. Get an insider's look at Parks Canada's ecological restoration projects and find out how you can help.

Visit **parkscanada.gc.ca/yoho-conservation-hikes** for more information and reservations.



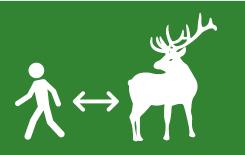




Your actions matter! When you leave Banff National Park...leave it wild.

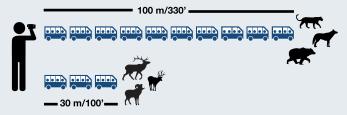
The chance to view wildlife in their natural environment is one of the most exciting things about visiting the mountain national parks. Help protect this special place by learning the #WildlifeRules.

Safely view wildlife



GIVE WILDLIFE SPACE. If you make them move, you are too close.

Whether you are exploring by foot, bike or vehicle, when you see wildlife, give them space:



Maintain a minimum distance of:

- 3 bus lengths (30 metres) deer, elk, sheep and moose.
- 10 bus lengths (100 metres) bears, wolves, cougars and coyotes.
- Remember small animals like rodents and birds need space too!

Please report bear, cougar, wolf and coyotes to Banff Dispatch: 403-762-1470.

Obey speed limits



- Slow down.
- Use your hazard lights to alert others.
- Only pull over where it is safe to do so.
- Observe, take photographs, and move on.
- If a traffic jam develops, move on. It is unsafe for people and wildlife.

Respect area closures

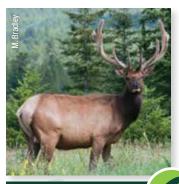


change your plans.

Together, we can make space for wildlife when they need it most.

Obeying area closures and restrictions is the law. Area closures and restrictions in Banff National Park protect ecologically sensitive areas, important habitat for sensitive species or species at risk, and are at locations where the potential for conflict between humans and wildlife is high.

Visit pc.gc.ca/banff-bulletins for a list of closures, warnings and restrictions.



Characteristics

Brown body, darker neck and large tan rump patch. Backwards slanting antlers.

Habitat

Valley bottoms and open areas. Commonly seen around townsites.

Characteristics

from white to black.

Mainly valley bottoms.

Habitat

Built like a large dog, with

longer legs. Colour can vary



Characteristics

Long legs, shoulder hump. Built like a horse with a large head. Shovel-like antlers.

Habitat

Wet and marshy areas.



Covote

Characteristics Similar to a medium-sized dog. Thick, bushy tail. Greyish-brown in colour. Habitat /allev bottoms.









Characteristics

Narrow black horns, beard, long white hair.

Habitat

Near steep rocky terrain.

Never feed wildlife

Wildlife can quickly find any food, scented items, or garbage that is left unattended. When they eat these unnatural foods, wildlife learn to approach people for an easy meal. This can result in aggressive behaviour that puts both people and wildlife at risk of being hurt or killed.

Never leave these items unattended for any amount of time.

They MUST be stored away in a vehicle, a hard-sided trailer or RV, or in a food locker.









Parks Canada staff are checking for unattended wildlife attractants. Attractants found in plain view will be removed and safely secured to reduce the risks to you and to wildlife.



Characteristics

Red body, white underside and very large, bushy tail.

Habitat

Coniferous forests, scampering up trees.



The smallest member of the rabbit family. Has a piercing call that sounds like a highpitched "eep."

Characteristics

Habitat

Rock slides and talus slopes.

A larger member of the rodent

family. Silver-brown in colour

with longer hair. Has a high-

pitched call that sounds like



Ground Squirrel

Characteristics

Tan-coloured. Longer body. Has a nigh-pitched "squeak."

Habitat

Meadows, roadsides and townsites in underground colonies.

E de de



Habitat

a whistle.

Alpine and subalpine meadows, rock piles and scree slopes.

Dispose of all garbage



Ensure all garbage, recycling, and food waste (even organic waste, like banana peels and apple cores) are disposed of in a wildlife-proof garbage bin, never on the ground, in a fire pit or in the bed of your truck.

If you see garbage left outside in the town of Banff, call 403-762-1218 (8 a.m. to 6 p.m. seven days a week). For garbage left outside at other locations in Banff National Park, call Banff Dispatch at 403-762-1470.

Keep dogs on leash



Dogs cause stress for wildlife as they may be seen as a threat. Off-leash dogs can trigger aggressive behaviour from wildlife such as grizzly bears and elk. Be a responsible dog owner. In Banff National Park, it is your responsibility to:

- Ensure your dog is on a leash and under physical control at all times. It is the law.
- Pick up and dispose of your pet's waste in a wildlife-proof garbage bin.
- Dogs are not allowed on some trails: parkscanada.gc.ca/banfftrails
- Consider leaving your dog at home if you plan to camp, hike or go into the backcountry.

It is illegal to feed, entice or disturb any wildlife in a national park. Violators will be charged, be required to appear in court, and could pay fines up to \$25 000.

Grizzly or **Black** Bear?



You are in bear country!

- Be aware, bears can be anywhere at any time. Watch for fresh scat, tracks or large diggings.
- Make noise! Sing, yell, talk loudly and travel in groups of 4 or more when possible.
- Dogs must be on a leash and under physical control at all times-It is the law.
- Always keep children nearby and in sight.
- Never approach or feed a bear. Stay 10 bus lengths or 100 metres away.
- Always carry bear spray, ensure it is accessible and know how to use it.

Visit: parkscanada.gc.ca/bears-and-people



Protecting Park Waters

Aquatic invasive species (AIS) are non-native plants, animals and diseases. AIS are harmful to healthy fresh water, threaten native fish species, and can affect tourism and water recreation. Once established, many AIS never go away. You can stop the spread of AIS. CLEAN, DRAIN and DRY your boat and water-related gear:



CLEAN – Clean all mud, sand, plant or animal parts from all items before leaving the shore



DRAIN – Drain onto land, all items that can hold water. Invert or tilt items. Open all compartments. Pull the drain plug if applicable.



DRY – Dry all items completely before entering any river, pond, lake or stream.



Regulations apply for all watercraft launching in Banff National Park including fishing equipment, motorboats, canoes, kayaks, paddleboards and inflatables.

- All motorized watercraft launching in Lake Minnnewanka require Parks Canada proof of inspection prior to launching. The mandatory motorized watercraft inspection station is located along the Lake Minnewanka Loop Road. 6 km from the town of Banff.
- All non-motorized watercraft launching in Banff National Park are required to complete a clean, drain, dry self-certification permit prior to launching in a new waterbody.

TIP! Visit the voluntary non-motorized watercraft inspection station at the Lake Louise Overflow lot (6 km east of Lake Louise on Hwy 1), or the Banff inspection station along the Lake Minnewanka Loop Road (6 km east from the Town of Banff) to receive a free inspection.

Visit parkscanada.gc.ca/banff-boating for more information.

Volunteering in Banff National Park



Are you looking for a unique experience during your trip to Banff National Park? Volunteers play an important part in keeping the park healthy and safe for people and wildlife.

Anyone can volunteer—learn more and sign up:

parkscanada.gc.ca/banff-volunteer

Conservation **Stories**



Creating a refuge for wild trout

Parks Canada began the Saving Threatened Trout Project in 2018 to conserve and restore westslope cutthroat trout and their habitat. The goal of this project is to remove non-native trout and to reintroduce westslope cutthroat trout to streams and lakes where they were historically found in Banff National Park.

In 2021, Parks Canada successfully reintroduced westslope cutthroat trout to Hidden Creek. This involved collecting eggs from wild donor populations and growing the fertilized eggs to the 'eyed stage'. At that stage, we introduced the eggs to the stream to complete their development in remote streamside incubators. At the same time, non-native fish were removed from Helen and Katherine lakes.

Parks Canada will continue the *Saving Threatened Trout Project* and bring more westslope cutthroat trout back to their historic range in the coming years.

Protecting nesting sites

Black swift populations have declined by over 50 per cent in the last 40 years and are listed as an endangered species in Canada. The cause is not fully understood, however it may be related to a decline in their main food supply: flying insects.

Johnston Canyon provides critical nesting habitat for black swifts and is one of only two known nesting sites in Banff National Park. Typically, they return to the same nesting locations year after year, although nesting activity in the canyon began declining in the 1980s.

Visitors are required to stay on the official trails to reduce disturbances at the nesting sites. There were two confirmed active nests in Johnston Canyon in 2019, three in 2020 and five were recorded in 2021.



Collaborating with Indigenous Peoples at Rocky Mountain House National Historic Site

During the consultation phase of Rocky Mountain House National Historic Site's 2020 Management Plan, Indigenous peoples and organizations expressed their interest in the historic site's pre and post-contact archeological resources.

In 2022, Parks Canada and Indigenous communities will continue to come together through site visits, workshops and sharing opportunities to exchange knowledge, and engage in meaningful conversations. This will shape the future direction of relations and conservation projects at the historic site. This networking of information at Rocky Mountain House will help conserve the archeological resources and its history.





National Park Regulations

Stay safe and enjoy

You are required by law to follow national park regulations. Thank you for helping protect people, landscapes and wildlife.



All visitors to Banff National Park must purchase a national park entry pass.

Passes are available for purchase at park gates, visitor centres, campgrounds and at partner locations. National park entry fees help support visitor services and facilities within Banff National Park. Provincial passes are not valid in national parks.



Camping is permitted in designated campgrounds only. A valid camping permit and national park entry pass are required. Do not sleep in your vehicle or RV roadside, at pull-outs, or pitch a tent in an area that is not a campground.





In campgrounds, alcohol and cannabis cannot be consumed beyond your registered campsite. There is a daily ban on alcohol and cannabis consumption during quiet hours, between 11 p.m. and 7 a.m. During summer long weekends (May - September), the possession and consumption of alcohol and cannabis are not permitted in any campground.



The recreational use of Unmanned Aerial Vehicles (UAVs), also known as drones, is prohibited in all national parks.





Pets must be on a leash and under physical control at all times. Collect and discard their waste in wildlife-proof garbage bins.



Do not feed any wildlife. It is illegal to feed wildlife—this includes littering and leaving food or scented items unattended.



Do not litter. Dispose of garbage or recycling only in wildlife-proof bins or pack out any unwanted items.



Take only photographs. It is illegal to pick flowers, mushrooms, cut down trees, branches, remove rocks, cultural artifacts or otherwise cause damage to natural objects or living things.



Stay out of closed areas. Area closures or activity restrictions are implemented when visitors are at risk or when wildlife require additional protection. Signs indicate the areas impacted.



Be careful with fire. Fires are permitted only where designated metal fire rings and cook stoves are provided by Parks Canada. Rock rings are prohibited. Never leave fires unattended, and extinguish them completely using the soak, stir, soak method. Do not use deadwood, bark or branches for fuel. Never burn food or garbage. Visit pc.gc.ca/banff-fire for wildfire and fire ban information.







Buy fishing permits. Anglers require a national park fishing permit, available at Parks Canada visitor centres. Provincial licenses are not valid in national parks. National Park Fishing Regulations prohibit lead tackle under 50g and all bait, natural or chemical. Fishing is catch and release only in Banff, except for lake trout in Lake Minnewanka reservoir. For more information, see the Fishing Regulations Summary brochure, available at Parks Canada visitor centres.



Going boating? Motors of all kinds are prohibited on all water bodies except Lake Minnewanka reservoir. Regulations apply for all watercraft launching in Banff National Park including motorboats, canoes, kayaks, paddleboards and inflatables: parkscanada.gc.ca/banff-boating



Motorized off-road travel is not permitted.



Firearms are prohibited in national parks. Firearms include pellet guns, bear bangers, bows, slingshots and similar items.



E-bikes (pedal-electric power-assisted bicycles) are only permitted on roads and select trails in Banff National Park. Visit parkscanada.gc.ca/banff-e-bike for more information.

The Canada National Parks Act

Park Wardens are responsible for enforcing park regulations as required by the Canada National Parks Act (parkscanada.gc.ca/banffregulations). To report park violations 24 hours, 7 days per week, call:

- 1-888-927-3367 Banff, Yoho, Kootenay and Waterton Lakes
- 1-877-852-3100 Jasper, Mount Revelstoke and Glacier

Violators will be charged, be required to appear in court, and could pay fines of up to \$25 000.



Mountain Safety

These simple tips will help ensure a safe and enjoyable visit.

Before getting on the road



Check the weather forecast: weather.gc.ca



Check road conditions at 511.alberta.ca, call 511 in Alberta, or 1-855-391-9743. For B.C. road conditions, visit drivebc.ca, or call 1-800-550-4997.



Ensure your vehicle has winter tires in winter—look for the snowflake or "M+S" symbol. Winter tires are mandatory from November 1 to March 31 on many mountain roads. Visit parkscanada.gc.ca/banff-driving for more information.

Before exploring the trails



Check the weather forecast. Make sure you are prepared with warm clothing and supplies. Visit parkscanada.gc.ca/bnp-hike for a recommended packing list.



Check trail conditions at parkscanada.gc.ca/banfftrails and the important bulletins at parkscanada.gc.ca/banff-bulletins.



Travel only in terrain appropriate for your group's experience, abilities and equipment.



Avalanche season in the mountains extends from November to June. Even a short walk from downtown Banff or Lake Louise can take you into avalanche terrain. Visit avalanche.pc.gc.ca for more information.



Cell phone coverage is not reliable in many areas of the park and there is no cell coverage along the Icefields Parkway. Before heading out, let someone know your plans including your route, trailhead, vehicle description, when you are leaving and when you expect to return.

For more mountain safety information, visit parksmountainsafety.ca

Winter **Adventures**

Stop by a Parks Canada visitor centre to plan a safe winter adventure and find winter activities that are right for your group.



Remember that winter brings risks. You don't need to venture far to be in avalanche terrain. If you plan to explore beyond designated winter trails, avalanche training and equipment are essential.



Winter hiking

Johnston Canyon (See map on page 9—trail #21) 1.2 km one way to the Lower Falls, 50 m elevation gain

Enjoy a winter wonderland with frozen waterfalls on this canyon walk. Ice cleats are strongly recommended on this trail. Cleats can be purchased at the Banff Visitor Centre, 224 Banff Avenue, and most outdoor stores in Banff and Lake Louise.



Snowshoeing

Lake Louise Lakeshore (See map on page 8—trail #36 and page 15—trail #11) 2 km one way, no elevation gain Fairview Lookout (See map on page 15—trail #12)

1 km one way, 100 m elevation gain

If you are new to the sport, strap on your snowshoes and go for an easy walk along the lakeshore. Fairview Lookout is a short but steep alternative option for more experienced snowshoers. You will be rewarded with views of the historic Fairmont Chateau Lake Louise.

Stay away from the avalanche zone along the south-west end of the lake.

Take Roam Public Transit from Banff to the Lake Louise Lakeshore for the best experience.



Fat biking

Tunnel Mountain Winter Trails (See map on page 13) 6 km of trails, no elevation gain

Try fat biking at these groomed and lit trails close to town.

The wide tires of a fat bike add extra surface area for smooth ride over firm snow. If trails are icy, studded tires are recommended to add grip to your ride.



Cross-country skiing

Great Divide Trail (See map on page 15—trail #4) Up to 10.5 km one way, 60 m elevation loss

This popular trail takes you from Lake Louise to the "Great Divide" - the B.C. / Alberta border at km 7. From here, you can continue into Yoho National Park (irregular grooming) to the Lake O'Hara parking lot.



Ice skating

Get your skates and stop by a Parks Canada visitor centre to find out about ice skating options.



Parks Canada does NOT monitor natural ice surfaces for safety or mark potential hazards. If you choose to skate on natural ice, you do so at your own risk. Visit

parkscanada.gc.ca/banff-skating for safety information.

Winter tips

- Leave a trip plan. Tell someone where you are going and when you expect to return.
- Be prepared and stay warm! Extra layers, blankets, hot drinks and snacks are essential.
- Bring a headlamp on your excursion. Daylight hours are limited and you never know when you might be delayed.
- Trails are shared in the national park, which means you could encounter people fat biking while you are winter hiking, or people skiing while you are snowshoeing.
- Expect winter driving conditions. Drivers should travel based on comfort level and experience.
- Don't drive if you don't have to! Roam transit runs between Banff to Lake Louise all winter Visit roamtransit.com for additional routes and details.

Check

parkcanada.gc.ca/banff-winter for more information.





In case of EMERGENCY, call 911 or satellite phone: 403-762-4506.

Cell phone coverage is not reliable throughout the national park.

Alberta Road Report: 511 or 1-855-391-9743 / **511.alberta.ca**British Columbia Road Report: 1-800-550-4997 / **drivebc.ca**